local area network (LAN) or the Internet. Additionally, an input interface 130 can be configured to receive input from another device through a direct connection, such as a USB or an IEEE 1394 connection.

[0028] Further, an output interface 135 can be configured to couple the media client 100 to one or more external devices, including a television, a monitor, an audio receiver, and one or more speakers. For example, the output interface 135 can include one or more of an optical audio interface, an RCA connector interface, a component video interface, and a High-Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI). The output interface 135 also can be configured to provide one signal, such as an audio stream, to a first device and another signal, such as a video stream, to a second device. Further, a memory 140, such as a random access memory (RAM) and/or a read-only memory (ROM) also can be included in the media client 100. As with the storage device 110, a plurality of types of information, including configuration data and operating instructions, can be stored in the memory 140.

[0029] Additionally, the media client 100 can include a remote control interface 145 that can be configured to receive commands from one or more remote control devices (not pictured). The remote control interface 145 can receive the commands through wireless signals, such as infrared and radio frequency signals. The received commands can be utilized, such as by the processor 105, to control media playback or to configure the media client 100. In an implementation, the media client 100 can be configured to receive commands from a user through a touch screen interface. The media client 100 also can be configured to receive commands through one or more other input devices, including a keyboard, a keypad, a touch pad, a voice command system, and a mouse.

[0030] FIG. 2 presents a media system 200 that includes a media client 100. The media system 200 includes a host location 220, such as a home or office, in which the media client 100 is installed. The host location 220 also can include a local media server 215 and a presentation device, such as a monitor 210. The monitor 210 can be coupled to the media client 100 through a media connector 225, such that video and/or audio information output by the media client 100 can be presented through the monitor 210. Further, the media client 100 can be coupled to the local media server 215 through a local connection 230, such as a wired network connection, a wireless network connection, or a direct connection. As such, the media client 100 can receive media content from the local media server 215. The local media server 215 can be any computing device, including a personal computer, a server, a palm top computer, or a media device capable of storing and/or playing back media content.

[0031] Further, the media client 100 and the local media server 215 can include network connections 235 and 240 respectively, which provide access to a network 245, such as the Internet. In an implementation, the media client 100 can communicate with a remote media server 250 and/or a media store 255 over the network 245. For example, a connection can be established between the media client 100 and the remote media server 250. The connection can be secure or unsecure. Thereafter, the media client 100 can receive media content from the remote media server 250, such as by streaming or downloading.

[0032] Similarly, the media client 100 can be configured to receive media content from a media store 255. For example, upon establishing a connection, the media client 100 can request a list of available media content from the media store

255. The list of available media content can include free content, such as trailers and pod casts, and for-purchase content, such as movies, television programs, and music. Additionally, the media client 100 can be configured to communicate with the media store 255 to validate media content, such as by verifying digital rights management information.

[0033] A media processing device, such as the media client 100, can be configured to select a particular display mode corresponding to the output of video or image data to a display device in response to any one of a plurality of display configuration events, including media processing device initialization (also referred to as "boot"), change of a coupled display device during operation (also referred to as "hot plug"), display error or detection of an unsafe mode, and user command. A display mode can identify display settings, including both a display resolution and a timing. FIG. 3 presents a flowchart for analyzing a display configuration.

[0034] The media client 100 can determine whether a display device is online when the media client 100 is initialized or when a coupled display device is changed during media client operation (305). Further, the media client 100 can determine whether the display device has previously been configured (310). For example, on boot, the media client 100 can determine whether the display device settings were restored from saved preferences.

[0035] Further, if the display device is configured to transmit identification information, such as Extended Display Identification Data (EDID), the media client 100 also can recognize the display device from the EDID. In an implementation, one or more of the values in the EDID, including the manufacturer name, product type, phosphor or filter type, timings supported by the display, display size, luminance data, and pixel mapping data, can be hashed to generate an identifier associated with the display device. The hashed identifier can be used to verify the identity of the display device during a boot or hot plug event. Additionally, the EDID can be used to determine one or more capabilities of the display device. If the display device has previously been configured, the display configuration analysis can be terminated (315).

[0036] If the display device has not previously been configured, the media client 100 can determine whether the existing display configuration corresponds to a safe mode (320). One or more of the display modes supported by the media client 100 can be predetermined to be safe. For example, all HDMI display modes can be designated as safe modes. Similarly, one or more display modes also can be predetermined to be unsafe. For example, the media client 100 can be configured to designate all display modes that utilize analog component timings as unsafe. If the existing display configuration does not correspond to a safe mode, a display configuration process, which is described in greater detail with respect to FIG. 4, can be executed (325). Once the display configuration process is complete, the display configuration analysis can be terminated (315).

[0037] If it is determined that the display configuration corresponds to a safe mode, the media client 100 can determine whether the display device also is in a display mode supported by the media client 100 (330). This can be performed automatically, such as by using the EDID, or manually, such as through user confirmation. If the display device is operating in a safe mode that is supported by the media client 100, the display configuration analysis can be terminated (315). Otherwise, the media client 100 can determine